





A Multi-Omics Approach to IgA Nephropathy Characterization in the NURTuRE Cohort Enables Precision-Based Treatment Approaches

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The NURTuRE Consortium Dataset





The NURTuRE biobank comprises matched patient samples from a broad range of diagnoses and kidney functional states that are associated with rich clinical data from over **3,500** subjects

Integration of intra-renal molecular and morphological features with clinical outcomes is required to drive discovery of disease-modifying therapies



https://www.nurturebiobank.org

Figure (upper left) adapted from Kidney Precision Medicine Project, accessed 4 May 2022, https://www.kpmp.org/about-kpmp

Integration of Real-World Clinical, Morphological and Molecular Data



Project Aims:	 The aim of this project is to use a multi-omics approach to the characterization of IgAN in the NURTuRE cohort, integrating clinical, histological, transcriptomic and serum proteomic data to gain deeper insights into patient stratification and disease biology. 				
	These learnings will be applied to clinical studies evaluating atrasentan, an endothelin receptor A antagonist, and BION-1301, an anti-APRIL antibody, for the treatment of IgAN.				



Clinical-grade kidney and liquid biopsies Comprehensively define disease subgroups

Identify targetable mechanisms of disease



https://www.nurturebiobank.org

Figure (lower left) adapted from Kidney Precision Medicine Project, accessed 4 May 2022, https://www.kpmp.org/about-kpmp



NURTuRE IgAN Cohort Characterization and Data Availability



Multi-dimensional characterization of patient samples enables a deeper understanding of disease mechanisms and outcomes



- There is substantial overlap for many of the data types available for the NURTuRE IgAN cohort
- A set of 70 subjects with targeted serum proteomics and a set of 49 subjects having kidney RNA-seq gene expression data, MEST-C scores and targeted serum proteomics (Olink) was used for these analyses



Serum Proteins Show Strong Relationship with Kidney Function





Highlight Select Targets with Significant Correlation Significance Threshold: | Correlation | >=0.3; -log10(adjusted p-value) >=1.3



- eGFR, UACR, and UPCR were tested for relationship with 2,666 serum proteins (Olink) from 71 NURTuRE IgAN patients
- eGFR showed the strongest relationship, with 683 proteins significantly correlated
 - APRIL (TNFSF13) is strongly (r = -0.585, p = 2E-7) correlated with eGFR and is correlated with UPCR (r =0.336, p = 0.02)
 - BAFF (TNFSF13B) is not significantly correlated with eGFR, UACR or UPCR
- Of 683 proteins correlated with eGFR, 125 and 95 are correlated with RNA from kidney and blood RNAseq, respectively
 - The kidney RNAs tended to be expressed in tubules



Histopathology MEST-C Features Differ in Relationship to eGFR and Proteinuria



Kidney function by MEST-C score

	Feature	log10(UACR) p-value	log10(UPCR) p-value	log10(eGFR) p-value
M	Mesangial cellularity	0.0006	0.0187	0.6182
	Endocapillary proliferation	0.0239	0.0221	0.6430
S	Segmental glomerulosclerosis	0.0820	0.0841	0.6828
D	Tubular atrophy/interstitial fibrosis	0.1606	0.3698	0.0096
C	Crescents	0.0017	0.0110	0.4962

eGFR is associated with tubular atrophy/interstitial fibrosis (**T**)

Proteinuria is associated with mesangial cellularity (**M**), endocapillary proliferation (**E**) and crescents (**C**)







A Preclinical Model Derived Atrasentan Response Signature* is Correlated with Kidney Function



The atrasentan signature score from kidney biopsies is correlated with kidney function in the IgAN cohort



A 31-gene atrasentan response signature score was calculated using the gene expression data from kidney biopsies for the IgAN cohort. This score was correlated (spearman correlation test) with log10 eGFR, UACR and UPCR.

Increased atrasentan signature score is associated with tubular atrophy and interstitial fibrosis



A 31 gene atrasentan response signature derived from Failed Repair proximal tubule cells in the gddY IgAN model is significantly correlated with eGFR and UPCR in the IgAN cohort

The signature score is significantly higher in samples from subjects with an elevated T score

* See poster TH-PO419 for details



The Kidney Atrasentan Response Score is Correlated with Serum Proteins



45 serum protein are strongly correlated (r >= 0.60) with the kidney atrasentan signature score



NPX (Serum protein expression)

- 700 serum Olink proteins are correlated with the kidney atrasentan response signature score – 45 proteins are strongly correlated (r >= 0.60)
- Urine proteomic analysis is being performed on matched urine samples and will be used to identify urine proteins that are correlated with the atrasentan response score
- Serum or urine proteins may provide non-invasive surrogate biomarkers for assessing the atrasentan response signature in patients





Key observations	 Over 600 serum proteins that were inversely correlated with eGFR were identified Kidney function (eGFR) is associated with the T component of the MEST-C score while proteinuria (UACR, UPCR) is associated with the M, E and C components A failed repair proximal tubule atrasentan response signature derived from atrasentan treated gddY mice is correlated with kidney function in the IgAN cohort 45 serum proteins showed a strong correlation with the kidney atrasentan response score
Futura stans	 Urine proteomics will be performed on matched urine samples from the NURTuRE IgAN cohort and used to identify urine biomarker for atrasentan signature score
i uture steps	 Non-invasive surrogate biomarkers for the atrasentan response signature will be measured in atrasentan trials
Goals	 To validate non-invasive surrogate biomarker strategy that can be used in clinical trials for atrasentan in IgAN and other indications Assess the association of APRIL levels with baseline IgAN patient characteristics and kidney transcriptomics in support of patient stratification for BION-1301



Thank You!



To all members of the Chinook-Evotec Strategic Partnership...





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